# **Quick Guide of AS-ALPS**

000	AS-ALPS
AS-ALPS Iternative Balicing - Inducer Alluration of Protein Structure ver. 1.0	Dataset : Human : Search Transcript ID : for Go <u>Advanced Search</u> QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)

#### About this database

Alternative splicing (AS) is a molecular mechanism that produces multiple proteins from a single gene, and is thought to increase the number of proteins extensively over the number of genes in a genome, which could be required to generate complexity of higher eukaryote including human. However, what roles most of AS variants play are not known.



This database, AS-ALPS (Alternative Splicing-induced ALteration of Protein Structure), is aimed at providing useful information to analyze effect of AS on protein interaction and network through alteration of protein structure.



## **Front Page**

On the search form in the top right corner, you can search for a cluster of transcripts produced by AS from a single gene, in either human or mouse, specified by either Entrez Gene ID (e.g., 10681) or Transcript ID in H-InvDB, FANTOM or RefSeq (e.g., NM\_016194).

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 3

Alternatively, you can move to "Advanced Search" page by clicking the hyperlink below the search box.  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 2

Enter a guery amino acid sequence in FASTA format:

0	AS-ALPS						
AS-ALPS Attenuitive Spiloing - Induced Alteration of Protein Nanctory ver. 1.0	)	Dataset : Human Search Transcript ID Advanced Search QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)					
ch AS variant clusters by annotation							
DataSet	Human						
Protein name-related keywords	(e.g.	dna binding)					
Attributes of AS regions (regions of a	nino acid sequences changed by AS)						
	○ N-terminal	O N-terminal					
Position	O Middle						
	O C-terminal						
	Insertion/Deletion	sertion/Deletion					
🔲 Туре	Substitution						
	Available						
	Inclusion of hydrophobic core residues	🗆 Yes					
□ 3D structure	Inclusion of interaction sites with -	<ul> <li>Protein DNA/RNA Ligand/Substrate</li> <li>AND OR</li> </ul>					
	O Not available						
KEGG pathway-related keywords	(e.g.	glycolysis)					
Caurah Barat	1						
(Search) (Reset)							

### Advanced Search Page 1

1. Search by annotation You can combine the search conditions below. (1) human or mouse (2) protein name (3) attributes of AS regions: (a) position (b) type (c) if 3D info is available, (i) whether AS regions include hydrophobic core residues (ii) what kind of interaction sites AS regions include (4) KEGG pathway name

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 3

2. Search by sequence  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 12

#### 00 Search Results Dataset : Human Search Transcript ID 🛟 for Go Advanced Search ver 1.0 QuickGuide : (pdf), (html) 4 clusters of AS variants was found 1 - 4 of 4 Attributions of AS regions No. of Entrez Cluster unique chr **KEGG** pathway Gene protein name species 3D No. AS position type ID structure variants guanine nucleotide-N-ter Taste INDEL View AS variants binding protein, beta-5 Available 12 Mid 1 human 2784 transduction SUB 3subunit C-ter guanine nucleotide-N-ter INDEL View AS variants binding protein, beta-2 7 2783 q Available human SUB C-ter 2subunit guanine nucleotide binding protein (G INDEL N-ter View AS variants 10399 17 Available 3 human 5 protein), beta polypeptide C-ter SUB 2-like 1 guanine nucleotide-N-ter INDEL View AS variants binding protein, beta-Available 4 15 10681 8 Mid human SUB 5subunit isoform b C-ter

### Search Results Page

In this table of search results, annotated info is briefly shown for each cluster of transcripts produced by AS from a single gene.

Click a button in the rightmost column to view AS variants in a cluster.

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 4

1 - 4 of 4

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Search Transcript ID \$ for NM\_002075

Dataset : Human 🛟

(Go)

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You can see here a schematic representation of alignments between a chromosome and transcripts.

AS variant cluster

Page

AS regions are detected by a comparison between a pre-defined reference transcript and one of other variant transcripts.

Select one variant transcript in the leftmost column and push the "View AS regions" button.  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 6

Click a transcript ID to see its details

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 5



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O O HIT000037396							in an son pr bot
Cluster of AS variants ( 🛞 HITO	00037396					Dataset : Human 🛟	Page
AS-ALPS Mernative Species - Indeed Alteration of Protein Binatory	er. 1.0	details of transcript	t	Sea	arch (Transcript ID	for HITO00037396 Go <u>Advanced Search</u> QuickGuide : ( <u>pdf</u> ), ( <u>html</u> )	For each transcript requested, you can c
transcript ID	accession ID	transcript length	С	DS	truncation	amino acid length	(coding sequence) the
<u>HIT000037396</u>	<u>BC015920</u>	1510	90	983	No	297	status of truncation a
		CDS					5' and 3' termini, a
							possibility of NMD
posibility of NMD			Ν	ю			(nonsense-mediated
amino acid sequence	MGEMEQLRQEAEQLKKQ MHWATDSKLLVSASQDGH CSIYNLKSREGNVKVSRI VGHTGDCMSLAVSPDFNI LLFAGYDDFNCNVWDSMI	IADARKACADVTLAELVSGLEVVG KLIVWDSYTTNKVHAIPLRSSWVM LSAHTGYLSCCRFLDDNNIVTSS LFISGACDASAKLWDVREGTCRQT KSERVGILSGHDNRVSCLGVTADG	RVQMRTI TCAYAP GDTTCAI FTGHESI MAVATG	RRTLRGHLA SGNFVACGO LWDIETGQQ DINAICFFS SWDSFLKIV	AKIYA GLDNM QKTVF SLSGR WN		mRNA decay) judged

exon structure

	t	ranscript ( <u>HIT00003</u>	7 <u>396</u> )	genome ( <u>NT_009759</u> )			
	start	end	length	start	end	length	
exon 1	1	59	59	6804400	6804458	59	
exon 2	60	146	87	6804683	6804769	87	
exon 3	147	185	39	6805011	6805049	39	
exon 4	186	292	107	6806395	6806501	107	
exon 5	293	356	64	6806599	6806662	64	
exon 6	357	519	163	6806788	6806950	163	
exon 7	520	586	67	6807057	6807123	67	

**Transcript Details** 

heck he it the from the sequence, the translated amino acid sequence and the exon composition.

¥

### AS regions View Page

You can see here AS regions detected by a comparison between a pre-defined reference transcript and one variant transcript selected in the previous page.

For the substitution type, identity between amino acid sequences of AS regions mutually replaced is shown if comparable.

Click the button to show results of 3D structure assignment to AS regions.

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 7

A regions non companson between NM 010134 and H1000024033 (quanne nucleotide-binding protein, beta-330bunit isotorin	0
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HIT000024633

CSGSWDHTLRVWA



Advanced Search

QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)

AS region No.	transcript ID	reg	ion	length	color	position	type	identity	comment
	<u>NM 016194</u>	1	42	42		N. cometant	1.1.0		
· · · · · ·	HIT000024633	1	1	1		N-terminal	deletion	-	-
	<u>NM 016194</u>	140	209	70		Middle	deletion		_
2	HIT000024633	97	98	2			deletion	-	-
1 : WD40 repeat-like (50 - 394)									
ref: NM_016194 var: HIT000024633 1 : WD40_1ike (8 - 282) : Constitutive region : Structural domain Threshold of sequence identity for 3D structure assignment 20% : View results of 3D assignment									
transcript ID         amino acid sequence           reference:         MCDQTFLVNVFGSCDKCFKQRALRPVFKKSQQLSYCSTCAEIMATEGLHENETLASLKSEAESLKGKLEEERAKLHDVELHQVAERVEAL GQFVMKTRRTLKGHGNKVLCMDWCKDKRRIVSSSQDGKVIVWDSFTTNKEHAVTMPCTWVMACAYAPSGCAIACGGLDNKCSVYPLTFDK NENNAAKKKSVAMHTNYLSACSFTNSDMQILTASGGDCTCALWDVESGQLLQSFHGHGADVLCLDLAPSETGNTFVSGGCDKKAMVWDMRS GQCVQAFETHESDINSVRYPSGDAFASGSDDATCRLYDLRADREVAIYSKESIIFGASSVDFSLSGRLLFAGYNDYTINVWDVLKGSRV SILFGHENRVSTLRVSPDGTAFCSGSWDHTLRVWA									
variant:	MATEGLHENETLASLKSEAE	SLKGKLEE	ERAKLHD	VELHQVAERVI	SALGQFVMK	TRRTLKGHGNKVLCM	DWCKDKRRIVSS	SQDGKVIVW	

GDAFASGSDDATCRLYDLRADREVAIYSKESIIFGASSVDFSLSGRLLFAGYNDYTINVWDVLKGSRVSILFGHENRVSTLRVSPDGTAF

### Assigned 3D Structures Page

You can see here a schematic representation of alignments between a pair of transcripts and PDB entries with shown sequence identities to the reference transcript.

You can also check in the "annotation" column, whether each PDB entry includes interaction info.

Click a button in the rightmost column to see details of interaction info.  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 8



#### 00 1GP2B Dataset : Human 🛟 Search Transcript ID 🛟 for NM\_016194 (Go) Advanced Search QuickGuide : (pdf), (html) PDB ID 1GP2:B amino acid length 339 protein name **G PROTEIN GI BETA 1** species Bos taurus resolution 2.300 Subunit interaction residues $M \wedge \wedge \wedge \wedge \wedge M \wedge$ ■: alpha helix $\square$ : beta strand $\blacksquare$ : 3-10 helix Show AS regions in 3D structure

#### Summary

AS region 1 (89-155), type : deletion								
Protein interaction residues with chain A (G PROTEIN GI ALPHA 1)	23/54	<u>details</u>						
Hydrophbic core2	5/9	<u>details</u>						
Hydrophbic core3	4/6	<u>details</u>						
Hydrophbic core4	1/6	<u>details</u>						

### 3D Structurerelated Interaction Info Page

Interaction sites are depicted with triangles below a bar, in which AS regions are coloured by their types (deletion: red, insertion: cyan, substitution: violet) and constitutive regions are in light orange.

Click the button to show AS regions in 3D structure.  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 9

The lower half of the page summarizes the number of residues relating to interaction and hydrophobic core.

Details of interaction sites  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page10 Details of core residues  $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 11

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00	AS regions on 3D structure of 1GP2B
AS-ALPS Nernative Splicing - Induced Alteration of Protein Structure ver. 1.0	Dataset : Human Search Transcript ID for NM_016194 Go <u>Advanced Search</u> QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)

### AS regions on 3D Structure Page

A relevant protein chain with AS regions is shown in the same colours as in page 8.

Other interacting proteins and DNA/RNAs, if any, are also shown in different colours.

You can check locations of hydrophobic cores by clicking check boxes below the 3D viewer.



cartoon CPK

 spin
 show only a relevant protein chain
 show AS region 1 (89-155) by CPK model
 show subunit interaction residues by stick model
 show all core residues
 show all core residues
 show core1 by CPK model
 show core2 by CPK model
 show core3 by CPK model
 show core4 by CPK model
 show core5 by CPK model
 show core6 by CPK model
 show core7 by CPK model

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ver. 1.0

### Details of interaction sites extracted from 3D structure

Residues included in a relevant AS region are coloured by its type (deletion: red, insertion: cyan, substitution: violet).

action re	esidues (1	GP2B)	

Dataset : 🛛 Human 🛟

Search Transcript ID 🛟 for NM\_016194 Go

Advanced Search

QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)

AS region (89-155), type : deletion

Details of Subunit inter

contact residue	residue number	chain ID	contact residue	residue number	chain ID	Num. of pair of contacts
Arg	52	В	Asp	20	А	6
Arg	52	В	Arg	24	А	3
Gly	53	В	Leu	23	А	1
Leu	55	В	Gly	27	А	1
Lys	57	В	His	213	А	1
Lys	57	В	Glu	216	А	3
Tyr	59	В	His	213	А	3
Tyr	59	В	Cys	214	А	4
Gln	75	В	Cys	214	А	4
Lys	78	В	Asp	26	А	1
lle	80	В	Leu	23	А	1
Asn	88	В	Ala	12	А	3
Asn	88	В	Val	13	А	6
Asn	88	В	Ser	16	А	3
Lys	89	В	Arg	15	А	1
Lys	89	В	Ser	16	А	5
Lys	89	В	lle	19	А	4

			Details of
Thermative Speicing - Induced Alternation of Protein Structure Ver. 1.0	Details of Core residues (1GP2B)	Dataset : Human : Search Transcript ID : for M_016194 Go Advanced Search QuickGuide : (pdf), (html)	hydrophobic co residues extrac from 3D structu

#### AS region (89-155), type : deletion

core ID	core residue	residue number
core2	Val	71
core2	Ala	73
core2	Leu	79
core2	lle	81
core2	lle	93
core2	Leu	95
core2	Val	100
core2	Val	112
core2	Leu	126

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Residues included in a relevant AS region are coloured by its type (deletion: red, insertion: cyan, substitution: violet).

contact us

00	0	AS-ALPS							
P	Protein name-related keywords	(e.g. dna binding)							
A	Attributes of AS regions (regions of amir	no acid sequences changed by AS)	id sequences changed by AS)						
		○ N-terminal							
	Position	O Middle							
		O C-terminal							
		O Insertion/Deletion							
	Пуре	O Alteration							
		Available							
		Inclusion of hydrophobic core residues	🕀 Yes						
	3D structure	Inclusion of interaction sites with -	<ul> <li>Protein DNA/RNA Ligand/Substrate</li> <li>AND OR</li> </ul>						
		Not available							
ĸ	KEGG pathway-related keywords (e.g. glycolysis)								
(	Search (Reset)								
Search	earch AS variant clusters by sequence								
	DataSet: Human 🗧								
E	Enter a query amino acid sequence in FASTA format:								
	MCDQTFLVNVFGSCDKCFKQRALRPVFKKSQQLSYCSTCAEIMATEGLHENETLASLKSE AESLKGKLEEERAKLHDVELHQVAERVEALCQFVMKTRRTLKGHGNKVLCMDWCKDKRRI VSSSQDGKVIVWDSFTTNKEHAVTMPCTWVMACAYAPSGCAIACGGLDNKCSVYPLTTDK NENMAAKKSVAMHTNYLSACSFTNSDMQILTASGDGTCALWDVESGQLQSFHGHGADV LCLDAPSETGNTFVSGGCDKKAMVWDMRSGQCVQAFETHESDINSVRYYPSGDAFASGS DDATCRLYDLRADREVAIYSKESIIFGASSVDFSLSGRLLFAGYNDYTINVWDVLKGSRV SILFGHENRVSTLRVSPDGTAFCSGSWDHTLRVWA								
(	Search (Reset)								

### **Advanced Search Page 2**

### Search by sequence

You can search entries in this database by amino acid sequence. The search engine is FASTA.

contact us

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 13

overlap (1-395:1-395)

	FASTA Search Result Dataset : Human
S.AI-PS	Search Transcript ID 🛟 for 🛛 🕞
Splicing - Induced ALteration of Protein Structure ver 1.0	Advanced Search
	Quick Guide : (pan, (ntmi)
earch Result	
STA searches a protein or DNA sequence data bank	
ersion 34.26.5 April 26, 2007	
.R. Pearson & D.J. Lipman PNAS (1988) 85:2444-24	48
STA (3.5 Sept 2006) function (optimized BL50 ma	trix (15:-5)1 ktup: 2
bin: 37, opt: 25, open/ext: -10/-2, width: 16	
can time: 22.960	
e best scores are:	opt bits E(207086)
<u>016194</u> 000076644	( 395) 2698 514.0 5.9e-145 <u>align</u> ( 396) 2698 514.0 5.9e-145 <u>align</u>
006578	( 353) 2398 458.0 4e-128 <u>align</u>
000062440	( 354) 2398 458.0 4e-128 <u>align</u>
<u>F000301841</u>	( 354) 2398 458.0 4e-128 <u>align</u>
r000304087	(354) 2398 458.0 4e-128 align
000036456	( 354) 2398 458.0 4e-128 <u>align</u>
<u>r000024633</u>	( 284) 1278 248.7 3.1e-65 <u>align</u>
002074	( 194) 1271 247.3 5.8e-65 <u>align</u>
002074 000321048	(340) 1271 247.5 8.6e=65 <u>align</u>
<u>r000274391</u>	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 <u>align</u>
<u>r000032499</u>	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 <u>align</u>
<u>r000298500</u>	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 <u>align</u>
000272088	( 341) 12/1 247.5 8.6e-65 <u>align</u> ( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 align
000100225	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 align
<u>r000302622</u>	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 align
<u>r000270979</u>	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65 <u>align</u>
	( 341) 1271 247.5 8.6e-65
000287834	( 341) 1266 246.6 1.6e-64
021629	( 340) 1259 245.3 4.1e-64
<u>r000004364</u>	( 341) 1259 245.3 4.1e-64
	( 341) 1259 245.3 4.1e-64
000270214	( 341) 1259 245.3 4.10-64
005273	( 340) 1250 243.6 1.3e-63
<u>r000262878</u>	( 341) 1250 243.6 1.3e-63
QUERY, 395 aa vs ./as_seq_hs.fasta library	
VM_016194	(395 aa)
11100 0600 0600 M 0700	$A = b_1 + c_2 + b_1 A + (1 - C_1) + (1 - C_2) + (1 -$

### **FASTA Search Result Page 1**

ou can see here a list of transcripts found by ASTA search.

lick one of transcript Ds in the leftmost olumn.

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 3

you would like to heck sequence lignments, click "align" n the rightmost olumn.

11.

 $\rightarrow$  Go to Page 14

00					FASTA S	earch Result				
>>NM_016194 (395 aa)										
<pre>inith: 2000 init1: 2000 opt: 2000 z-score: 2/30.4 bits: 514.0 E(): 5.90-145 Smith-Waterman score: 2698; 100.000% identity (100.000% similar) in 395 aa overlap (1-395:1-395)</pre>										
>NM_01	6 1- 395:							:		
QUERY	10 MCDQTFLVNVFGS0	20 CDKCFKQRALF	30 PVFKKSQQLS	40 SYCSTCAEIMA	50 TEGLHENET	60 LASLKSEAESL	70 KGKLEEERAI	80 KLHDVEL		
NM_016	MCDQTFLVNVFGS0 10	CDKCFKQRALE 20	PVFKKSQQLS 30	SYCSTCAEIMA 40	TEGLHENET	LASLKSEAESL 60	KGKLEEERAI 70	KLHDVEL 80		
QUERY	90 HQVAERVEALGQF	100 VMKTRRTLKGH	110 GNKVLCMDWG	120 CKDKRRIVSSS	130 QDGKVIVWDS	140 SFTTNKEHAVT	150 MPCTWVMAC	160 AYAPSGC		
NM_016	HQVAERVEALGQF	VMKTRRTLKGH	IGNKVLCMDWC	CKDKRRIVSSS	QDGKVIVWD	SFTTNKEHAVT	MPCTWVMAC	AYAPSGC 160		
	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	240		
QUERY	AIACGGLDNKCSV	YPLTFDKNENM	AAKKKSVAM	ITNYLSACSFT	NSDMQILTA	SGDGTCALWDV	ESGQLLQSF	HGHGADV		
NM_016	AIACGGLDNKCSV 170	YPLTFDKNENM 180	IAAKKKSVAMI 190	ITNYLSACSFT 200	NSDMQILTA 210	SGDGTCALWDV 220	ESGQLLQSFI 230	HGHGADV 240		
QUERY	250 LCLDLAPSETGNT	260 FVSGGCDKKAM	270 IVWDMRSGQCV	280 /QAFETHESDI	290 NSVRYYPSGI	300 DAFASGSDDAT	310 CRLYDLRADI	320 REVAIYS		
NM_016	LCLDLAPSETGNT	FVSGGCDKKAM 260	IVWDMRSGQCV 270	/QAFETHESDI 280	NSVRYYPSGI 290	DAFASGSDDAT 300	CRLYDLRAD 310	REVAIYS 320		
	330	340	350	360	370	390	390			
QUERY	KESIIFGASSVDF	SLSGRLLFAGY	NDYTINVWD	LKGSRVSILF	GHENRVSTL	RVSPDGTAFCS	GSWDHTLRV	A		
NM_016	KESIIFGASSVDFS 330	SLSGRLLFAGY 340	NDYTINVWDV 350	/LKGSRVSILF 360	GHENRVSTLI 370	RVSPDGTAFCS 380	GSWDHTLRV 390	:: AA		
>>HIT0	00076644						(3)	96 aa)		
initn Smith- overla	: 2698 init1: 2 Waterman score ap (1-395:1-39	2698 opt: 2 : 2698; 10 5)	698 Z-sco 0.000% ide	ore: 2730.3 entity (100	bits: 5: .000% sim:	14.0 E(): 5 ilar) in 39	.9e-145 5 aa	,		
>HIT00	0 1- 395:							:		
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80		
QUERY	MCDQTFLVNVFGS	CDKCFKQRALF	PVFKKSQQLS	SYCSTCAEIMA	TEGLHENET	LASLKSEAESL	KGKLEEERAI	KLHDVEL		
HIT000	MCDQTFLVNVFGS	CDKCFKQRALR	PVFKKSQQL	SYCSTCAEIMA	TEGLHENET	LASLKSEAESL	KGKLEEERAI	KLHDVEL		
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80		
QUERY	90 HQVAERVEALGQF	100 VMKTRRTLKGH	110 IGNKVLCMDWO	120 CKDKRRIVSSS	130 QDGKVIVWD	140 SFTTNKEHAVT	150 MPCTWVMAC	160 AYAPSGC		
HIT000	HQVAERVEALGQF	VMKTRRTLKGH	GNKVLCMDWC 110	CKDKRRIVSSS 120	QDGKVIVWD: 130	SFTTNKEHAVT 140	MPCTWVMAC	AYAPSGC 160		
QUERY	170 AIACGGLDNKCSV	180 YPLTFDKNENM	190 IAAKKKSVAMI	200 HTNYLSACSFT	210 NSDMQILTAS	220 SGDGTCALWDV	230 ESGQLLQSFI	240 HGHGADV		
HITOOO	AIACGGLDNKCSV	YPLTFDKNENM	IAAKKKSVAM	TNYLSACSFT	NSDMQILTAS	SGDGTCALWDV	ESGQLLQSF	HGHGADV		
	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320		

### **FASTA Search Result Page 2**

You can see here an alignment between your query sequence and a sequence picked up from this database by FASTA search.